

Health Select Committee

Update to Executive Scrutiny Committee

1 June 2010

EIT Programme - Fair Access to Care Services (FACS)

Update on Progress (including issues/ problems/ successes)

As part of the review, the Committee are overseeing the FACS consultation process. It has been agreed that the 3-month consultation will take place following the general election, with a start date of 1 June. The consultation results will be considered ahead of reporting to Cabinet with the Committee's final report.

Timescales

Following consideration of the consultation results a report would be produced for Cabinet in November.

Monitoring

The Committee received a Progress Report on the recommendations from the review of Audiology at the meeting of 24 May.

Other Work

The Committee is being updated with developments in relation to regional scrutiny work. A project to develop regional structures and conduct a 'light touch' review of NHS North East's response to alcohol issues has been completed. A consensus was reached that there should be a standing regional health scrutiny committee to scrutinise regional health issues and respond to health consultations affecting the region as a whole. A protocol for the operation of a regional health scrutiny committee has been drafted, with a view to establishing a regional committee in the new municipal year. The protocol is attached for consideration by Members of Executive Scrutiny Committee. It is intended that the Protocol will be considered for endorsement by Council in July together with the appointment to this body (Chair of Health Select Committee).

The majority of the work on the separate regional project on the health needs of the ex-serviceman community will take place over the next few months; all 12 Councils in the region have signed up to the initiative. Interested members will join a working group made up of members of three other north east councils in order to take part in one of three workstreams looking at: physical health, mental health, and the wider social and economic needs of veterans.

An overview day has been arranged for 28 June in order to set the scene and will involve a number of speakers from the national and regional level.

Appendix 1 Joint Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee of:

Darlington Borough Council, Durham County Council, Gateshead Council, Hartlepool Borough Council, Middlesbrough Council, Newcastle upon Tyne City Council, North Tyneside Council, Northumberland County Council, Redcar and Cleveland Borough Council, South Tyneside Council, Stockton-on-Tees Borough Council and Sunderland City Council

TERMS OF REFERENCE AND PROTOCOLS

Establishment of the Joint Committee

1. The Committee is established in accordance with section 244 and 245 of the National Health Service Act 2006 (“NHS Act 2006”) and regulations and guidance with the health overview and scrutiny committees of Darlington Borough Council, Durham County Council, Gateshead Council, Hartlepool Borough Council, Middlesbrough Council, Newcastle upon Tyne City Council, North Tyneside Council, Northumberland County Council, Redcar and Cleveland Borough Council, South Tyneside Council, Stockton-on-Tees Borough Council and Sunderland City Council (“the constituent authorities”) to scrutinise issues around the planning, provision and operation of health services in and across the North-East region, comprising for these purposes the areas covered by all the constituent authorities.
2. The Committee will hold two full committee meetings per year. The Committee’s work may include activity in support of carrying out:
 - (a) Discretionary health scrutiny reviews, on occasions where health issues may have a regional or cross boundary focus, or
 - (b) Statutory health scrutiny reviews to consider and respond to proposals for developments or variations in health services that affect more than one health authority area, and that are considered “substantial” by the health overview and scrutiny committees for the areas affected by the proposals.
 - (c) Monitoring of recommendations previously agreed by the Joint Committee.

For each separate review the Joint Committee will prepare and make available specific terms of reference, and agree arrangements and support, for the enquiry it will be considering.

Aims and Objectives

3. The North East Region Joint Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee aims to scrutinise:
 - (a) NHS organisations that cover, commission or provide services across the North East region, including and not limited to, for example, NHS North East, local primary care trusts, foundation trusts, acute trusts, mental health trusts and specialised commissioning groups.
 - (b) Services commissioned and / or provided to patients living and working across the North East region.
 - (c) Specific health issues that span across the North East region.

Note: Individual authorities will reserve the right to undertake scrutiny of any relevant NHS organisations with regard to matters relating specifically to their local population.

4. The North East Region Joint Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee will:
- (a) Seek to develop an understanding of the health of the North East region's population and contribute to the development of policy to improve health and reduce health inequalities.
 - (b) Ensure, wherever possible, the needs of local people are considered as an integral part of the commissioning and delivery of health services.
 - (c) Undertake all the necessary functions of health scrutiny in accordance with the NHS Act 2006, regulations and guidance relating to reviewing and scrutinising health service matters.
 - (d) Review proposals for consideration or items relating to substantial developments / substantial variations to services provided across the North East region by NHS organisations, including:
 - (i) Changes in accessibility of services.
 - (ii) Impact of proposals on the wider community.
 - (iii) Patients affected.
 - (e) Examine the social, environmental and economic well-being responsibilities of local authorities and other organisations and agencies within the remit of the health scrutiny role.

Membership

5. The Joint Committee shall be made up of 12 Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee members comprising 1 member from each of the constituent authorities. In accordance with section 21(9) of the Local Government Act 2000, Executive members may not be members of an overview and scrutiny committee. Members of the constituent local authorities who are Non-Executive Directors of the NHS cannot be members of the Joint Committee.
6. The appointment of such representatives shall be solely at the discretion of each of the constituent authorities.
7. The quorum for meetings of the Joint Committee is one-third of the total membership, in this case four members, irrespective of which local authority has nominated them.

Substitutes

8. A constituent authority may appoint a substitute to attend in the place of the named member on the Joint Committee. The substitute shall have voting rights in place of the absent member.

Co-optees

9. The Joint Committee shall be entitled to co-opt any non-voting person as it thinks fit to assist in its debate on any relevant topic. The power to co-opt shall also be available to any Task and Finish / Working Groups formed by the Joint Committee. Co-option would be determined through a case being presented to the Joint Committee or Task and Finish Group / Working Group, as appropriate. Any supporting information regarding co-option should be made available for consideration by Joint Committee members at least 5 working days before a decision is made.

Formation of Task and Finish / Working Groups

10. The Joint Committee may form such Task and Finish / Working Groups of its membership as it may think fit to consider any aspect or aspects within the scope of its work. The role of any such Group will be to consider the matters referred to it in

detail with a view to formulating recommendations on them for consideration by the Joint Committee. The precise terms of reference and procedural rules of operation of any such Group (including number of members, chairmanship, frequency of meetings, quorum etc.) will be considered by the Joint Committee at the time of the establishment of each such Group. The Chair of a specific Task and Finish Group will act in the manner of a Host Authority for the purposes of the work of that Task and Finish Group, and arrange and provide officer support for that Task and Finish Group. These arrangements may differ if the Joint Committee considers it appropriate. The meetings of such Groups should be held in public except to the extent that the Group is considering any item of business that involves the likely disclosure of exempt information from which the press and public could legitimately be excluded as defined in Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 as amended by the Local Government (Access to Information) (Variation) Order 2006.

11. The Chair of the Joint Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee may not be the Chair of a Task and Finish Group.

Chair and Vice-Chairs

12. The Chair of the Joint Committee will be drawn from the membership of the Joint Committee, and serve for a period of 12 months, from a starting date to be agreed. A Chair may not serve for two consecutive twelve-month periods. The Chair will be agreed through a consensual process, and a nominated Chair may decline the invitation. Where no consensus can be reached then the Chair will be nominated through a ballot system of one Member vote per Authority only for those Members present at the meeting where the Chair of the Joint Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee is chosen.
13. The Joint Committee may choose up to two Vice-Chairs from among any of its members, as far as possible providing a geographic spread across the region. A Vice-Chair may or may not be appointed to the position of Chair or Vice-Chair in the following year.
14. If the Chair and Vice-Chairs are not present, the remaining members of the Joint Committee shall elect a Chair for that meeting.
15. Other than any pre-existing arrangements within their own local authority, no Special Responsibility Allowances, or other similar payments, will be drawn by the Chair, Vice Chairs, or Tasking and Finish Group Chairs in connection with the business of the Joint Committee.

Host Authority

16. The local authority from which the Chair of the Joint Committee is drawn shall be the Host Authority for the purposes of this protocol.
17. Except as provided for in paragraph 10 above in relation to Task and Finish Groups, the Host Authority will service and administer the scrutiny support role and liaise proactively with the other North East local authorities and the regional health scrutiny officer network. The Host Authority will be responsible for the production of reports for the Joint Committee as set out below, unless otherwise agreed by the Joint Committee. An authority acting in the manner of a Host Authority in support of the work of a Task and Finish Group will be responsible for collecting the work of that Group and preparing a report for consideration by the Joint Committee.

18. Meetings of the Joint Committee may take place in different authorities, depending on the nature of the enquiry and the potential involvement of local communities. The decision to rotate meetings will be made by members of the Joint Committee.
19. Documentation for the Joint Committee, including any final reports, will be attributed to all the participating member authorities jointly, and not solely to the Host Authority. Arrangements will be made to include the Council logos of all participating authorities.

Work planning and agenda items

20. The Joint Committee may determine, in consultation with health overview and scrutiny committees in constituent authorities, NHS organisations and partners, an annual work programme. Activity in the work programme may be carried out by the Joint Committee or by a Task and Finish / Working Group under the direction of the Joint Committee. A work programme may be informed by:
 - (a) Research and information gathering by health scrutiny officers supplemented by presentations and communications.
 - (b) Proposals associated with substantial developments / substantial variations.
21. Individual meeting agendas will be determined by the Chair, in consultation with the Vice-Chairs where practicable. The Chair and Vice-Chairs may meet or conduct their discussions by email or letter.
22. Any member of the Joint Committee shall be entitled to give notice, with the agreement of the Chair, in consultation with the Vice-Chairs, where practicable, of the Joint Committee, to the relevant officer of the Host Authority that he/she wishes an item relevant to the functions of the Joint Committee to be included on the agenda for the next available meeting. The member will also provide detailed background information concerning the agenda item. On receipt of such a request (which shall be made not less than five clear working days before the date for despatch of the agenda) the relevant officer will ensure that it is included on the next available agenda.

Notice and Summons to Meetings

23. The relevant officer in the Host Authority will give notice of meetings to all Joint Committee members, in line with access to information rules of at least five clear working days before a meeting. The relevant officer will send an agenda to every member specifying the date, time and place of each meeting and the business to be transacted, and this will be accompanied by such reports as are available.

Attendance by others

24. The Joint Committee and any Task and Finish / Working Group formed by the Joint Committee may invite other people (including expert witnesses) to address it, to discuss issues of local concern and/or to answer questions. It may for example wish to hear from residents, stakeholders and members and officers in other parts of the public sector and shall invite such people to attend.

Procedure at Joint Committee meetings

25. The Joint Committee shall consider the following business:
 - (a) Minutes of the last meeting (including matters arising).
 - (b) Declarations of interest.
 - (c) Any urgent item of business which is not included on an agenda but the Chair agrees should be raised.
 - (d) The business otherwise set out on the agenda for the meeting.

26. Where the Joint Committee wishes to conduct any investigation or review to facilitate its consideration of the health issues under review, the Joint Committee may also ask people to attend to give evidence at Joint Committee meetings which are to be conducted in accordance with the following principles:
- (a) That the investigation is conducted fairly and all members of the Joint Committee be given the opportunity to ask questions of attendees, and to contribute and speak.
 - (b) That those assisting the Joint Committee by giving evidence be treated with respect and courtesy.
 - (c) That the investigation be conducted so as to maximise the efficiency of the investigation or analysis.

Voting

27. Any matter will be decided by a simple majority of those Joint Committee members voting and present in the room at the time the motion is put. This will be by a show of hands or if no dissent, by the affirmation of the meeting. If there are equal votes for and against, the Chair or other person chairing the meeting will have a second or casting vote. There will be no restriction on how the Chair chooses to exercise a casting vote.

Urgent Action

28. In the event of the need arising, because of there not being a meeting of the Joint Committee convened in time to authorise this, officers administering the Joint Committee from the Host Authority are generally authorised to take such action, in consultation with the Chair, and Vice-Chairs where practicable, to facilitate the role and function of the Joint Committee as they consider appropriate, having regard to any Terms of Reference or other specific relevant courses of action agreed by the Joint Committee, and subject to any such actions being reported to the next available meeting of the Joint Committee for ratification.

Final Reports and recommendations

29. The Joint Committee will aim to produce an agreed report reflecting a consensus of its members, but if consensus is not reached the Joint Committee may issue a majority report and a minority report.
- (a) If there is a consensus, the Host Authority will provide a draft of both the conclusions and discursive text for the Joint Committee to consider.
 - (b) If there is no consensus, and the Host Authority is in the majority, the Host Authority will provide the draft of both the conclusions and discursive text for a majority report and arrangements for a minority report will be agreed by the Joint Committee at that time.
 - (c) If there is no consensus, and the Host Authority is not in the majority, arrangements for both a majority and a minority report will be agreed by the Joint Committee at that time.
 - (d) In any case, the Host Authority is responsible for the circulation and publication of Joint Committee reports. Where there is no consensus for a final report the Host Authority should not delay or curtail the publication unreasonably.

The rights of the health overview and scrutiny committees of each local authority to make reports of their own are not affected.

30. A majority report may be produced by a majority of members present from any of the local authorities forming the Joint Committee. A minority report may be agreed by any *[number derived by subtracting smallest possible majority from quorum: e.g. if*

quorum is 4, lowest possible majority is 3, so minority report requires 1 members' agreement] or more other members.

31. For the purposes of votes, a “report” shall include discursive text and a list of conclusions and recommendations. In the context of paragraph 29 above, the Host Authority will incorporate these into a “final report” which may also include any other text necessary to make the report easily understandable. All members of the Joint Committee will be given the opportunity to comment on the draft of the final report. The Chair in consultation with the Vice-Chairs, where practicable, will be asked to agree to definitive wording of the final report in the light of comments received. However, if the Chair and Vice-Chairs cannot agree, the Chair shall determine the final text.
32. The report will be sent to *[name of the NHS organisations involved]* and to any other organisation to which comments or recommendations are directed, and will be copied to NHS North East, and to any other recipients Joint Committee members may choose.
33. The *[name of the NHS organisations involved]* will be asked to respond within 28 days from their formal consideration of the Final Report, in writing, to the Joint Committee, via the nominated officer of the Host Authority. The Host Authority will circulate the response to members of the Joint Committee. The Joint Committee may (but need not) choose to reconvene to consider this response.
34. The report should include:
 - (a) The aim of the review – with a detailed explanation of the matter under scrutiny.
 - (b) The scope of the review – with a detailed description of the extent of the review and it planned to include.
 - (c) A summary of the evidence received.
 - (d) An evaluation of the evidence and how the evidence informs conclusions.
 - (e) A set of conclusions and how the conclusions inform the recommendations.
 - (f) A list of recommendations – applying SMART thinking (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic, Timely), and how these recommendation, if implemented in accordance with the review outcomes, may benefit local people.
 - (g) A list of sources of information and evidence and all participants involved.

Timescale

35. The Joint Committee will hold two full committee meetings per year, and at other times when the Chair and Vice-Chairs wish to convene a meeting. Any three members of the joint committee may require a special meeting to be held by making a request in writing to the Chair.
36. Subject to conditions in foregoing paragraphs 29 and 31, if the Joint Committee agrees a report, then:
 - (a) The Host Authority will circulate a draft final report to all members of the Joint Committee.
 - (b) Members will be asked to comment on the draft within a period of two weeks, or any other longer period of time as determined by the Chair, and silence will be taken as assent.
 - (c) The Chair and Vice-Chairs will agree the definitive wording of the final report in time for it to be sent to *[name of the NHS organisations involved]*.
37. If it believed that further consideration is necessary, the Joint Committee may vary this timetable and hold further meetings as necessary. The *[name of the NHS*

organisations involved] will be informed of such variations in writing by the Host Authority.

Guiding principles for the undertaking of North East regional joint health scrutiny

38. The health of the people of North East England is dependent on a number of factors including the quality of services provided by the NHS, the local authorities and local partnerships. The success of joint health scrutiny is dependent on the members of the Joint Committee as well as the NHS and others.
39. Local authorities and NHS organisations will be willing to share knowledge, respond to requests for information and carry out their duties in an atmosphere of courtesy and respect in accordance with their codes of conduct. Personal and prejudicial interests will be declared in all cases in accordance with the Members' Code of Conduct of each constituent authority.
40. The scrutiny process will be open and transparent in accordance with the Local Government Act 1972 and the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and meetings will be held in public. Only information that is expressly defined in regulations to be confidential or exempt from publication will be considered in private. The Host Authority will manage requests and co-ordinate responses for information considered to be confidential or exempt from publication in accordance with the Host Authority's legal advice and guidance. Joint Committee papers and information not being of a confidential nature or exempt from publication may be posted on the websites of the constituent authorities as determined by each of those authorities.
41. Different approaches to scrutiny reviews may be taken in each case. The Joint Committee will seek to act as inclusively as possible and will take evidence from a wide range of opinion including patients, carers, the voluntary sector, NHS regulatory bodies and staff associations, as necessary and relevant to the terms of reference of a scrutiny review. Attempts will be made to ascertain the views of hard to reach groups, young people and the general public.
42. The Joint Committee will work to continually strengthen links with the other public and patient involvement bodies such as PCT patient groups and Local Involvement Networks, where appropriate.
43. The regulations covering health scrutiny allow an overview and scrutiny committee to require an officer of a local NHS body to attend before the committee. This power may be exercised by the Joint Committee. The Joint Committee recognises that Chief Executives and Chairs of NHS bodies may wish to attend with other appropriate officers, depending on the matter under review. Reasonable time will be given for the provision of information by those asked to provide evidence.
44. Evidence and final reports will be written in plain English ensuring that acronyms and technical terms are explained.
45. Communication with the media in connection with reviews will be handled in conjunction with the constituent local authorities' press officers.

Conduct of Meetings

46. The conduct of Joint Committee meetings shall be regulated by the Chair (or other person chairing the meeting) in accordance with the general principles and conventions which apply to the conduct of local authority committee meetings.

47. In particular, however, where any person other than a full or co-opted member of the Joint Committee has been allowed or invited to address the meeting the Chair (or other person chairing the meeting) may specify a time limit for their contribution, in advance of its commencement which shall not be less than five minutes. If someone making such a contribution exceeds the time limit given the Chair (or other person chairing the meeting) may stop him or her.
48. The Chair (or other person chairing the meeting) may also structure a discussion and limit the time allowed for each agenda item and questioning by members of the Joint Committee.